**Community-Based Care Transitions Programs**

**Summary:** Provides funding to certain hospitals and community-based entities that furnish evidence-based care transition services to Medicare beneficiaries at high risk for readmission.

**Next steps:**
- December 3, 2011 – The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services held a National Conference on Care Transitions
- January 1, 2011 – Program begins (statutory deadline)
- April 15, 2011 -- CMS published a Federal Register notice soliciting proposals for this program and announcing that proposals will be accepted on a rolling basis as funds permit.

**Additional information:**

**Long summary:**

**Sec. 3026. Community-Based Care Transitions Program.** Establishes a 5-year program, beginning January 1, 2011, called the Community-Based Care Transitions Program, to fund eligible hospitals and community-based partnership organizations to provide patient-centered, evidence-based care transition services to Medicare beneficiaries at the highest risk of preventable re-hospitalization.

**Eligible entities.** Program participants are eligible hospitals partnering with a community-based organization or community-based organizations that provide such care transition services. Eligible hospitals are subsection (d) hospitals identified by the Secretary as having high readmission rates.

**Eligible beneficiaries.** Eligible beneficiaries are those Medicare beneficiary who has attained a minimum hierarchical condition category score, as determined by the Secretary, based on a diagnosis of multiple chronic conditions or other risk factors associated with a hospital readmission or substandard transition into post-hospitalization care, which may include 1 or cognitive impairments, depression, a history of multiple readmissions, or any other chronic disease or risk factor as determined by the Secretary.
Applications. Applications must include a detailed proposal with at least one evidence-based care transition intervention.

Priority. Secretary will give priority to entities that participate in a care transition program of the Administration on Aging and entities that provide services to medically underserved populations, small communities, and rural areas.

Waiver authority. Secretary is given waiver authority and may implement the program by program instruction.

Funding and ongoing implementation. Program is funded by a Medicare Hospital Insurance Trust Fund transfer of $500 million for the period FY 2011 to FY 2015, with funds remaining available until expended. The Secretary may continue or expand the scope and duration of the program based on a determination, certified by the CMS chief actuary, that expansion would reduce Medicare spending without reducing quality.

Legislative text:
SEC. 3026. COMMUNITY-BASED CARE TRANSITIONS PROGRAM.
(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a Community-Based Care Transitions Program under which the Secretary provides funding to eligible entities that furnish improved care transition services to high-risk Medicare beneficiaries.
(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means the following:
(A) A subsection (d) hospital (as defined in section 1886(d)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395ww(d)(1)(B)) identified by the Secretary as having a high readmission rate, such as under section 1886(q) of the Social Security Act, as added by section 3025.
(B) An appropriate community-based organization that provides care transition services under this section across a continuum of care through arrangements with subsection (d) hospitals (as so defined) to furnish the services described in subsection (c)(2)(B)(i) and whose governing body includes sufficient representation of multiple health care stakeholders (including consumers).
(2) HIGH-RISK MEDICARE BENEFICIARY.—The term "high-risk Medicare beneficiary" means a Medicare beneficiary who has attained a minimum hierarchical condition category score, as determined by the Secretary, based on a diagnosis of multiple chronic conditions or other risk factors associated with a hospital readmission or substandard transition into post-hospitalization care, which may include 1 or more of the following:
(A) Cognitive impairment.
(B) Depression.
(C) A history of multiple readmissions.
(D) Any other chronic disease or risk factor as determined by the Secretary.
(3) MEDICARE BENEFICIARY.—The term "Medicare beneficiary" means an individual who is entitled to benefits under part A of title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) and enrolled under part B of such title, but not enrolled under part C of such title.
(4) PROGRAM.—The term "program" means the program conducted under this section.
(5) READMISSION.—The term "readmission" has the meaning given such term in section 1886(q)(5)(E) of the Social Security Act, as added by section 3025.
(6) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
(c) REQUIREMENTS.—
(1) DURATION.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—The program shall be conducted for a 5-year period, beginning January 1, 2011.
(B) EXPANSION.—The Secretary may expand the duration and the scope of the program, to the extent determined appropriate by the Secretary, if the Secretary determines (and the Chief Actuary of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, with respect to spending under this title, certifies) that such expansion would reduce spending under this title without reducing quality.
(2) APPLICATION; PARTICIPATION.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—
(i) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity seeking to participate in the program shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
(ii) PARTNERSHIP.—If an eligible entity is a hospital, such hospital shall enter into a partnership with a community-based organization to participate in the program.
(B) INTERVENTION PROPOSAL.—Subject to subparagraph (C), an application submitted under subparagraph (A)(i) shall include a detailed proposal for at least 1 care transition intervention, which may include the following:
(I) Initiating care transition services for a high-risk Medicare beneficiary not later than 24 hours prior to the discharge of the beneficiary from the eligible entity.
(ii) Arranging timely post-discharge follow-up services to the high-risk Medicare beneficiary to provide the beneficiary (and, as appropriate, the primary care-giver of the beneficiary) with information regarding responding to symptoms that may indicate additional health problems or a deteriorating condition.
(iii) Providing the high-risk Medicare beneficiary (and, as appropriate, the primary caregiver of the beneficiary) with assistance to
ensure productive and timely interactions between patients and post-acute and out-patient providers.

(iv) Assessing and actively engaging with a high-risk Medicare beneficiary (and, as appropriate, the primary caregiver of the beneficiary) through the provision of self-management support and relevant information that is specific to the beneficiary’s condition.

(v) Conducting comprehensive medication review and management (including, if appropriate, counseling and self-management support).

(C) LIMITATION.—A care transition intervention proposed under subparagraph (B) may not include payment for services required under the discharge planning process described in section 1861(ee) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(ee)).

(3) SELECTION.—In selecting eligible entities to participate in the program, the Secretary shall give priority to eligible entities that—

(A) participate in a program administered by the Administration on Aging to provide concurrent care transitions interventions with multiple hospitals and practitioners; or

(B) provide services to medically underserved populations, small communities, and rural areas.

(d) IMPLEMENTATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may implement the provisions of this section by program instruction or otherwise.

(e) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may waive such requirements of titles XI and XVIII of the Social Security Act as may be necessary to carry out the program.

(f) FUNDING.—For purposes of carrying out this section, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall provide for the transfer, from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund under section 1817 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395i) and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund under section 1841 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1395t), in such proportion as the Secretary determines appropriate, of $500,000,000, to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Program Management Account for the period of fiscal years 2011 through 2015. Amounts transferred under the preceding sentence shall remain available until expended.